WHEELING, WEST VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 29, 1884.

nd have mercy on your soul in that awful

day. (Signed) "Henry WARD BEECHER."

THE TWO CANDIDATES.

Blaine's Trip Through New York - Cleve-land's Day in the Empire State,

Waverly, where there was a large gather-

ing for so early an hour. Mr. Blaine

el by the State of New York of the benc-

for the occasion and was received with the

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Oct. 28 .- At Bing

namion the crowd and enthusiasm was immense. Mr. Blaine in his speech paid a tribute to the memory of James Dickin-son as a patriot, which evoked great ap-

was a great crowd, composed largely of workingmen. Mr. Blaine spoke briefly of the benefits of the protective policy and

NEW YORK'S PROGRESS

Under the Protective Tariff-Blaine's Speed

Blaine's speech at Binghamton:

Pour Jenvis, Oct. 28 .- Following is Mr.

"I am sure that no man who loves the

Binghampton without an honorable re-

membrance of Daniel S. Dickinson

contemporary with the great pivil struggle which involved the fate

of American nationality can ever forget the strength, encouragement and the en-

thusiasm which he brought to the loyal cause when he forsook his party for his country, [great cheering,] not precisely in the same phase, but involving like issues, is the contest, in which we are energed to-day. For as we then confronted the South arrayed in war against the Union, so we confront it now in an attempt by a great combination to sale, the

empt by a great combination to seize the Government of the United States and

The reason I refer to that here and now

is that that combination will be absolutely ineffective, unless aided by the vote of sew York, and I am sure that the county of Broome and the Valley of the Susquehanna will enter an indignant protest against the Empire State being taken out of the great cordon of free States, always loyal to the Union, to be joined with the States of the solidified South. [Cries of "you are right" and cheers.]

This is not a mere question of sentiment; it is not a mere question of patriotism, it is a question of material interests. The triumph of the South in this contest would mean the triumph of free trade and

rould mean the triumph of free trade and

went out of office, the wealth of New York

ous protective tariff, the enactment of which was the first work of the Repub-

of which was the first work of the Repub-lican party after it gained power, your progress was so rapid that your wealth had advanced from eighteen hundred millions to six thousand three hundred millions as shown by the census of 1880.

usual enthusiastic manner.

American laborer.

oke briefly upon the illustration afford-

nillions were appropriated, and, though he lived in Lewis county, he never raised of the State which lay west of the Alleghe-

cordial enmity of the influential Democrats of his own county? Why is it that he is not on speaking terms with more than a dozen of them? Possibly they

Is Wheeling Judge Brannon takes a social glass with his friends and talks a little politics. At his own home about the only active support he gets comes from a prohibition newspaper, in which he is beplished judge seems to mix his principles.

Junes Brannon, by tongue and pen, ment edict. Yet it happens that his farm of a thousand acres, lying within six miles of Weston, was valued at but \$3 per acrecheap at \$20, as we are informed. The judge was thinking of other men's taxes,

office-which has been often, and failed to get it, which has been nearly as oftenhe has denounced his party as being cor had a good deal of this sort to say when Johnson N. Camden was elected to the Senate, and left the Lewis statesman la-

WHEN a considerable part of West Virginia was swept by the flood the poured in from every direction. We are warmed one dollar's worth. General Goff gave \$500, and was the first to ask Congress to appropriate half a million. Now the flood is going to sweep Judge Brannon

present tariff. It makes him pay too much for "the necessaries of life" which the working millions in this country produce. He wants the tariff put on "the luxuries of life"-which the millions of other countries produce. He would carve out a proper tariff with his little jackknife and round off the rough edges with

their own grievance against Judge Brannon. They remember the part he took in a scheme of foreign speculators to oust them from land they had occupied for sixty years, upon which they had built homes and churches, and located cemeteries in which the bones of their loved and Braxton will not forget Judge Brannon on election day.

Tun decision which declares the Scott the lein clause of the law is a license law, and therefore the whole act is void. No liquor law to be unconstitution breeds "confusion worse confounded." It is diffi-

it can't be done, and the money must tional and would bring into the treasury he mid buck If this is cood law it is

Junus Brannon in his speeches in Braxton and Gilmer counties, has not appealed to the reason of the people, but has sought the dead leaner of the war. In that he had signally failed, because the Confederate oldiers who fought for what they believed to be right were disgusted. They have not yet forgotten that John Brannon made flery speeches urging them to enand promising that he would wade in blood up to his chin with them. They remember that he early sought a cushioned chair far in the rear, beyond the range of

And they have not forgotten that while they were lighting for a principle which they lielleyed to be just and right, John Brannon was Internal Revenue Collector for the State of Virginia, collecting tax in kind to the amount of ten per cent of all the products of the State. They would like him to show how much he collected and how it was disbursed. After having done this he may induce these men to believe that he has some claims on their votes They have not forgotten that after his bravado speeches prior to the war he was one of the first men who sent a petition to Congress praying for relief and forgiveness, and had not the true moral courag to claim to be a citizen of Lewis, but fixed

political parties, but more especial y among the liquor men. Its effect will probhis voice in favor of fair play for that part ably be to increase the Republican majority in Ohio in November.

AT COLUMBUS.

How the Decision was seceived in the Cor-COLUMBUS, O. Oct. 28 -At first the

was talk of a jollification over the decisthat trilly appreciate his desire to blossom in annulling the Scott liquor tax Liw, but it was abandoned. The Republicans and Democrats are both claiming great advantages from it in the Presidential contest. The Democrats hold that the Republicans made their heaviest gains at Presidential contest it will not affect the voters in the rural districts.

WHAT THE REPUBLICANS CLAIM. The Republicans claim it to be a prosliution of the highest tribunal for political purposes; that all taxpayers will protest, and that their majority will now be overwhelming. The browers, wholesale dealer and larger retail liquor dealers wanted the scott law in force, as it was a bulwark Scott law in force, as it was a bulwark against the prohibition agitation. It allowed saloonists to collect bills the same as grocers. For this and other protections they say they were willing to pay the annual tax of two hundred dollars. It also served the brewers and wholesale men by weeding out the traffic. Those able to stand the tax were usually such as could and would not their bills. LIQUOR TRADE DIVIDED.

The liquor trade is more pivided on the atter than the other. At the same time local officers all over the State find themselves greatly embarrassed by the loss of this tax, on which they had depended, and there is a strong feeling of indignation among business men and tax-payers generally.

It is asserted that the Democratic man-

agers connived to have the decision ren-dered just at this time, so that they could raise a fund for themselves before the No

WILL NOT WORK. The job will not work, and the Ger mans as well as the liquor dealers who are now free will vote with the Republicans Had the decision been rendered month ago it might have had considerabl political effectabut none is anticipated at this stage of the campaign.

A Good Thing for Blaine.

will temporarily bankrupt many towns in State and will give Blaine a largely in-creased majority over the October vote, some think 40,000 to 50,000. COMMERCIAL GAZETTE

THE COURT'S OPINION.

Thre dudges Affirm the Unconstitutionalit of the Scott Liquor Law. Columbus, O., Oct. 28.—The Suprem ones were lying. The farmers of Gilmer senting, to-day declared the Scott liquor tax law unconstitutional. The decision on several pending cases were all to this

was burdened by it. Now State, as levies for the year were made on comes the Supreme Court and says the supposition that the law was constitu

cery unfortunate as a matter of public amount of money.

In Columbus, for example, between forty-five and fifty thousand dollars-were caused from the tax last year and none of the amount has been paid this year, consequently the departments are behind in the payment of sanries two and three months. Other cities of the State are in months. Other cities of the State are in a similar situation. The great question with the county and manicipal authorities is, how will we secure immediate relief from the embarrassing situation, the Legislature not being in session to grant authority.

How It Looks at Steubenville.

of the countles and cities a stipulated

prise in this city, but Democratic attorneys endorse the decision while the Republican lawyers take an opposite view. The saloon keepers spoken to oppose the decision, being satisfied with the present law. This county will have to pay back \$27,000 of which \$15,000 will be from the city with interest. If the tax is feeled it will take a levy of \$4\$ mills. The Gazette, Democrat, regrets the decision, while the Democrat, regrets the decision, while the Herald, Republican, regards it as infamous.

The Salelde of a Lewis County Young Man-

Verdict of the Jury.
Correspondence of the Intelligencer.
Weston, Oct. 28.—Considerable excitement was caused here to-day by the statement that a young man named Wright, of Freeman's creek, had hung himself on Sunday afternoon. Coroner Woffindin repaired to the scene Monday evening, and summoned a jury. After a full investigation the jury rendered a verdict to the effect that he hung himself, and that no one was in any way to blame. It transpired from the testimony that the unfortunate young man was subject to spells of mental derangement, and that he committed the deed while in that state. He was a young man of good habits, and was liked in the neighborhood,

Citical Nos. 25 and 37 Fourteenth street.

Junior Bianness of his party whom he didn't like. Andrew Edminston, of Lewis county, can testify to this.

The Fourteenth amendment may be "a political parties of the States," In the Wastin Lingoin's Secretaries of the Treasury Divided on the Matter.

The Republicans Claim the Decison to be United States Senator, and wanting to make himself solid with the members from the Third District, Judge Brannon helped on the scheme to move the State Capital to Charleston.

Winta John Brannon was a member of the State Capital to Charleston.

Winta John Brannon was a member of the State among the Senator, and wanting to make himself solid with the members from the Third District, Judge Brannon helped on the scheme to move the State Capital to Charleston.

Winta John Brannon was a member of the State among the Senator of Old Viziginia more than six in the Decison of Secretary Gresham was a pointed to fill the vacancy which is soon to occur on the United States Grenit Court bench by the resignation of Secretary Gresham, and has appointed to fill the vacancy which is soon to occur on the United States Grenit Court bench by the vacancy which is soon to occur on the United States Grenit Court bench by the resignation of Secretary Gresham was tendered in order that he might be appointed to fill the vacancy which is soon to occur on the United States Grenit Court bench by the vacancy which is soon to occur on the United States Grenit Court bench by the resignation of Secretary Gresham was tendered in order that he might be appointed to fill the vacancy which is soon to occur on the United States Grenit Court bench by the vacancy which is soon to occur on the United States Grenit Court bench by the resignation of Secretary Gresham was tendered in order that he might be appointed to fill the vacancy which is soon to occur on the United States Grenit Court bench by the resignation of the State bench in the Matter.

The Republicans Claim the Decison has constituted to the State sound that th year he was elected President of the State Bank, in which position he con-tinued until 1863. In this year (1863) he was appointed, from Indiana, by President Lincoln, Comp-troller of the Treasury, which Bureau he organized and put into successful opera-tion, In March, 1865, he was appointed Secretary of the Treasury, succeeding William Pitt Fessenden. In General Grant's first cabinet he was succeeded by George S. Boutwell, of Massachusetts.

New York, Oct. 28 .- Mr. James E. Joy

who has arrived from Europe, has written the following letter to the Tribune:

To the Editor of the Tribone: Six-I have read, I think, everything which has been written relative to a couversation to which Mr. Beecher professes to narrate as having taken place at my he was for a little time my guest. I note the State election in the cities and that especially the language in one of his letters to General Alger about "continental" liars. Knowing full well, therefore, the ing also perfectly the conversation that did take place at that time, I can stite with the most absolute certainty that I never said in that or any other conver-sation with anybody that Mr. Blaine. sation with anybody that Mr. Blaine, when Speaker, made me an offer or proposition directly or through a third person that he would appoint a committee to suit me, or put a man on that committee such as I wished if I would buy LittleRock & Fort Smith bonds of him at par or otherwise. This is perfectly certain he never sent a man to me to make any such proposition within a day or two, as Mr. Beecher says, or, at any other time. These will, I think, dispose of these allegations of Mr. Beecher.

These will, I think, dispose of these allegations of Mr. Beecher.

While I state these things with a clear certainty with regard to them, I do not say that Mr. Beecher is a "continental liar," or that a "continental fisher, and the set ween him and myself. His memory from lapse of time, or influenced, perhaps, by his feelings and wishes, is certainly at fault in these respects. I was simply stating a conversation of a third narty with Mr. Blaine, as stated by that party to me. Mr. Beecher, while not recontecting it correctly in the most material part, seems to think that I was responsible tor that conversation, and that I asserted that it was true, not only as I recollected it then, but as he recollects now, and more, that I asserted the truth of the inference he himself draws from it as he now thinks he remembers it. Nothing would be wider of the mark. Of course I do not know whether the conversation with Mr. Blaine was correctly stated to me or not, but I do not know whether the conversation with Mr. Blaine was correctly stated to me or not, but I do not know the tendent of the section. Blaine was correctly stated to me or not, but I do know that I stated it as it was but I do know that I stated it as it was narrated to me correctly so far as I remembered it, and I also know that there was no possibility in the narration of it that I could have stated as. Mr. Beecher has it that Mr. Blaine sent to me in a day or two any proposition of any form or kind whatever. That would have been a clear statement of my own, while I was simply narrating a conversation as reported to me by rating a conversation as reported to me by a third party, of which such an assertion

While with regard to these thines and Mr. Beecher's statement, I acquit him of all except a faulty memory, perhaps not strange with him in the circumstances, strange with him in the circumstances, with his temperament; I cannot say as much for his conduct as a gentleman for bringing me into a controversy of this sort by the use he is taking to make of free social conversation with him while a guest at my table, and where he puts his memory against mine seven or eight years afterwards, and practically takes an oath that his is an infallible memory, and that liquor law to be unconsitution breeds and therefore the whole act is void. No printed the same statements of his is expressed as to whether the law is a license law.

The effect on tax-payers and the public treasuries is clearly set forth in the decision stripped of verbiage depublic treasuries is clearly set forth in the clares the entire law unconstitutional and will not only do away with the collection interest was for the most part content. The liquor question was by common censent out of Ohio politics. Two milliors the amount which was collected under the law last year, together with interest. It will bankrupt nearly all the cities in the state, as levies for the year were made on the context. The liquor question was by common the ment causes of the law is a license law. They get into the newspapers now from him and upon his authority. It matters will not only do away with the collection of the tax this year only, a small portion of which has been paid, but will make it necessary for all corporations to pay back the amount which was collected under the law last year, together with interest. It will bankrupt nearly all the cities in the state, as levies for the year were made on the consent of the law is a license law is void as a tax or license law.

The decision stripped of verbiage developed into the newspapers now from him and upon his authority. It matters that the whether he makes his statements verbully so near a newspaper into the newspapers now from him and upon his authority. It matters that the whether he makes his statements verbully so near a newspaper in the newspapers now from him and upon his authority. It matters that the whether he makes his statements verbully so near a newspaper in the published in Truth some years ago processing to detail these same stame to detail these same stame that the whether he makes his statements verbully so near a newspaper now from him and upon his authority. It matters the whole act is void. No detail these same stame that the heavest problem in the relation all the freedom of table conversation thus to drag some of it in a distorted form, and lie, at such a time, and for such a purpose, with the assection that if I do not remember it just as he does one of us, in his lar guage, is a "continental liar," and that he is not the one, is the gravest possible breach of every rule of good society, as well as inconsistent with the character of J. F. Joy.

New York, Oct. 27, 1884. A OUESTION OF VERACITY

Mr. Beecher Losses No Time in Answering

Mr. Joy:

Dean Sir:—You said at your own table before me that Mr. Blaine offered to form a committee as you desired it, provided you would take certain bonds of him at par. You did lean back in your chair, put your thumbs into your vest shoulders, and add with contempt: "That's the man that Blaine is." I did not violate the laws of hospitality in using the incident. I never spoke of it publicly until your injudicious friend, Governor Alger, made a garbled statement which, under your denial, made me a false witness. Then I was justified, in self-defense. A member of Plymouth Church, who is ashamed of his own name, explains in close connec. his own name, explains in close connec-tion with your letter of this morning that tion with your letter of this morning; that Mr. Beecher is known to be very forgetful. Yes, ten thousand things I forget and throughly, and your statement has burned into my memory as with fire, and your falsehood will, I fear, be burned into your memory as with fire.

Such effrontery is marvelous even in this molitical campaign. Do you dare look ex-

der of his wife, Ellen, who died yesterday from the effects of burns, at first supposed to-have been caused by the accidental explosion of an off-can from which she was porning kerosene upon a lighted fire Sunday; but its now thought that he poured oil over her and then set her clothes on WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 28.-Count Carl Lewenhaupt, the Swedish Minister to the

deny that you have made such state-ments? What will he think of you? Do you dare say that you never made like addresses were exchanged,

JUDGE BRANNON,

He Condemns the Tariff, Especial ly on Steel Ralls.

Evidence of His Expression Not to be Disputed.

Which Shows His Violent Free Trade Leanings. His Doleful, Disconsolate Speech

in Tyler County. The Jack-Knife Theory Worked

on a Listless Audience.

WESTON, W. VA., Oct 28 .- The follow ing statement is made by an ex-Mayor of Weston: "During the construction of the cause I felt that they would boldly declared a grateful recognition of the rights of the workingmen. I was disappointed, for a felt that they had been spurmed. I found it was not what workingmen wanted, but the wishes of a few disgranted I fide authority for saying that they now hay for the iron rails. It is operating against the business interests of the country." (Signed)

JOHN H. Todd.

BRANNON IN TYLER.

He Speaks to a Small Authence and Begror Taier Votes.

Special Correspondence of the Intelligence.

Middle Correspondence of the Intelligence of Tail of the Intelligence of Tail of the I Weston: "During the construction of the Bixgiiam, Oct. 28 .- A special train bearin; Mr. Blaine and party left Elmira promptly at9 o'clock. The first stop was at

fits of the protective tariff. It was raining when the train reached Owego, but there was a very large meeting at the depot. Mr. Blaine stepped out on a flat car prepared Brannon spoke to eighty persons in the Court House of Tyler county yesterday attributable largely to the scarcity of Democrats in Tyler county, and still more argely to the forbidding weather. The Judge was introduced by James Stealey. He apologized for the weather and for his He apologized for the weather and for his own neglect in giving notice of his approach. The first intimation of the meeting had been given last Friday. He said: "I am before you a candidate for a seat in Congress from this district. My nomination, of gausse, was not without the concurrence of the Democrace of this district in convention assembled. I have alwaysbeen a Democrat. I claim too-sistency of action. I claim to-have an abiding political faith. I have neverbeen a partisan in an extreme sense. I regard myself as conservative in my whole nature. I, however, when called upon to act on matters conservative in my whole nature. I, how-ever, when called upon to act on matters of principle, stick to the faith. I possess an attitude of conservatism that has guin-ed me in respect to all of my relations with the public. merican Union can ever visit the city of

of government to continue one party in power so long. It is to the considerate, intelligent thinking people of the country that we appeal to make this answer. It then we are in the wrong. We claim not only one but many causes for a change. We make a demand upon the patriots upon the public duty, upon the voter to direct his neighbor in the line of reform

THE DEFUNCT STATES RIGHTS. The Republican party feared to go be-fore the country this time justifying its bad acts either of administration or policy without asserting cause for reform, I therefore charge that the Republican party is and has been hostile to the principles of liberty. I do not arraign individuals but the party as an organization. Look at the Fourteenth. Amendment. Why it is nothing more than a prohibition of the rights of the States. They have assailed and invaded the guaranteed liberties of citizens by hundreds and hundreds. It is true that they have not assailed us, but in other years they have sions of this Fourteenth Amenament which is simply a denials of the rights of States. Are you willing to trust a party thus indifferent to the great chartered, fundamental rights of citizens? Why the principle is as plain as the princer of a child. We have not said much about it as the wolf has never been at our own door. If you do trust it, it will not be long till every principle is gone, every right gone. THE OLD, OLD STORY.

I will now take up seriatim the charges against the Republican party." The Judge then seriatimed after the manner of his Weston speech. First, "Proffigacy in the matter of public expenditures." Internal matter of pione expendraires. Internal revenue collectors, district attorneys, United States marshals, glided palaces, Federal officeholders, were the topics discussed under this head. The Hondricks "diskivery" of the subterranean wealth was played upon by every system of permutation that the wastallity of a Lwis country. millions as shown by the census of ISSO. (Cheers.)

New York, Oct. 28—Mr. Blaine arrived at the Fifth Avenue hotel to-night, where Mr. Elkins and Senator Hale and Mr. Blaine's wife and daughter were awaiting him. It is six weeks since Mr. Blaine left Augusta. In that time he has traveled by rail more than 9,000 miles, and has made from ten to twenty-nine speeches per day. He is in excellent health and spirits, better than when he started, The run from Elmira to-day 272 miles, was one of the longest made in any one day.

CLEVELAND'S MOVEMENTS.

How He Spent the Day in New York—Retylow of Troups.

New York, Oct. 28.—Governor Cleves pite the fatigue incident to his reception at Newark last night. He breakfasted in his room, parlor 6 on the first floor of the his room, parlor 6 on the first floor of the his room, parlor 6 on the first floor of the his room, parlor 6 on the first floor of the contraband. "Tariff is right, but it is not contraband. "Tariff is right, but it is not contraband." "Tariff is right, but it is not contraband. "Tariff is right, but it is not contraband. "Tariff is right, but it is not contraband." "Tariff is right, but it is not contraband. "Tariff is right, but it is not contraband." "Tariff is right, but it is not contraband. "Tariff is right, but it is not contraband." "Tariff is right, but it is not contraband to contraband the properties of the pano-rama. This knife ac

Hoffman Honse, with his private secretary and Adjutant-General Farnsworth.

From 9 o'clock in the morning until or well with the secretary and Adjutant-General farnsworth.

From 9 o'clock in the morning until or well well as the morning until or well as the secretary and Adjutant-General farnsworth. Legislature not being in session to grant authority.

How it Looks at Steubenville.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

Strummynille, O., Oct. 28.—The decision on the Scott law caused great surprise in this city, but Democratic attorneys endorse the decision while the Republican lawyers take an opposite view.

Mr. Joy.

Mr. Beecher Losses No Time in Answering Mr. Joy.

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Mr. Joy.

Mr. Beecher Losses No Time in Answering of the Mr. Joy.

Mr. Joy.

Mr. Beecher Losses No Time in Answering from 9 o'clock in the morning until a late hour in the afternoon he was in politics. In the days of Clay, Calhoun to late our infant industries. I say that labor our infant industries. I say that labor of the Mercer No. J. Ducey, Senator included Rev. Thos. J. Ducey, Senator included Rev. Thos. J. Ducey, Senator McPherson, of New Jersey, D. D. Winston, Ot. 128.

Mr. Joy.

Mr. Beecher Losses No Time in Answering from 9 o'clock in the morning until a late hour in the afternoon he was in politics. In the days of Clay, Calhoun to late our infant industries. I say that labor our infant industries. I say that labor is included Rev. Thos. J. Ducey, Senator included Rev. Thos. J. Ducey, Senator of New Jersey, D. D. Winston, of Utica, Hon. S. J. Randall, of Pennsylvania, M. M. Mercer, N. Robinson, of a committee as you desired it, provided law. This county will have to pay back to pay back a committee as you desired it, provided law. This county will have to pay back a committee as you desired it, provided cleveland, Ohio, A. S. Vanderpool, Estate and National Committees, the callers included Rev. Thos. J. Ducey, Senator advance your interests? I pretend to know that labor is myself. I don't have a dayner of the form when the days of Clay, Calhoun in the alternoon he alter hour in the afternoon he alter hour in the alter hou to tell the people that it is a story. I be-lieve in taxing luxuries and lowering the

included Rev. Thos. J. Ducey, Senator-McPherson, of New Jersey, D. D. Winston, of Utica, Hon. S. J. Randall, of Pennsylvania, M. M. Merzer, N. Robinson, of Cleveland, Ohio, A. S. Vanderpool, Ex-Corporation Counsel, W. C. Whitney, Jas. Spencer and C. R. Whedon, of New Haven, Silas W. Burt, of the State Civil Service Commission, and Thos. Wentworth Higginson, of Cambridge, Mass. A very handsome dipart tribute was received by the Governor from Dr. and Mrs. Chas. W. Sanders. "Hyou want your interests protected you want to send the to Congress and you will want to send ind to Congress and you will have a Democratic Congressman. If you do not want a Democratic Congressman is end General Gott. If you send me you will not have a man who will build up monopoly and tax you for the purpose. If stand with an abiding faith on the Democratic platform committed as it is to the adequate protection of every interest in the land. I have an abiding faith that Grover Cleveland will be elected. It is not the same kind of a feeling that I had in 7d, it is stronger, more enduring. The Judge concluded one of his most despondent speeches in a most depressing vein. Tyler county is not conducive to Democratic buoyancy.

C. s. W. JERSEY CITY, Oct. 28.—George McVee-

for tailor suits, an elegant dress fabric, at

this evening to protect Ex-Senator Thomas F. Grady from the jeers of the infuri ated Democrats of Buffalo. They sent him word that they would egg him if he came here again, but they did not do it. The hall was filled with about five thousand good and true men, who were resolved to give him a chance to say what he wanted to without fear of being insulted by the hoodlums of the opposition. He began by thanking the people of Buffalo for the vindication. He said: "I recognize that this vast audience does not but in part consist of the People's party, but of the people of Buffalo who believe in fire speech. When in the campaign we were asked to tell the truth, and we propose to do it. The Democratle party has for want to be support. Some believed that returners of the people, and no longer has any right to ask for when support. Some believed that returners for our wrongs was to be granted at Chicago. I went there full of hope be Leause I felt that they would boldly declare a grateful recognition of the rights of the ed to give him a chance to say what he

FOUR MILLION WITHOUT A CANDIDATE Think of 4,000,000 without a candidate to-day, making no nomination, but when the Independent combination box is passed putting in what they think will be acceptable. A party can't be brought much lower can it. The party needs you. Remember what the party did for you; Remember what the party did for you; but forget what you have done for the party. Remember that in the success of the Democratic candidate there is no success for the Democratic party. Grover Cleveland was a candidate for, Governor two years ago. Then he was tilled with pledges, and was going to make his administration the glory of the Empire State. He forgot all the promises, fulfilled not a single one. By his packed railroad commession not a measure for the railroad commussion not a measure for the people but has been vetoed. The Gov

people but has been vetoed. The Governor's two to the people's one. They have had a packed jury, Citizens are now charged \$7.50 between New York and Curning, yet they can come from New York to Buttalo for \$365. Then there was the five cent fare bill. During the three years of his term the veto will be worth \$7.030,000 to the company. Now take your penoil and figure what that veto was worth to the Governor. (Applause.) You are taxed \$3,000,000 a year to maintain the Eric Canal. The railroad men don't spend so much to destroy it, but they content themselves by making a Superintendent of Public Works who is a railroad contractor. "Ask works who is a railroad contractor. Ask any one who knows, and he will tell you that there were never so many leaks as there are now. Thirty-two-to-one-hundred men are sent out in each gang, not to influence votes, oh no, but to fix the

ty-one reasons why they should vote or Cleveland. I can give them 2,100 why they should not. He signed a bill bringing to a vote the abolition of contract labor, but when he came to yote at tract labor, but when he came to vote at home he dodged. They talk of that man for President of the United States. They talk of him, that's all. The Clerk of the Registration of Labor Statistics was put out because he presided at a Butler meeting. There was a kick and he was put back. They said he spent-public money for private telegrams. If he did they had no right to take him back. If he did not they had no right to dismiss him. They call Clevelanda reformer. Has he reformed Albany where his stone-cutters stone Butler processions? Has he, I say, has he reformed Buflato, and now many such re-John for a fact; there was not a single Democratic official of the State but that was brought out to Chicago to represent the barmony candidate. [Langhing.] He fild not want me returned to the Senate did not want me return

INDIANA'S VOTE.

The Indications of the Poll Are That Blain Will Have 10,000 Plurality. INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 28.-The Republicans have completed their third and final man's narrow escape from a panther. On ooll of this State, and it shows a Republioan plurality of 10.840. The poll indicates dark, as Mr. Samuel C. Baxter was that the Prohibition vote, the uncertainty of which has been feared more than any other one feature of the campaign, will panther and narrowly escaped by being on

vate: greenance; the partinonars of which were probably developed at a preliminary trial held at Dawson yesterday; the result of which has not yet reached here. Cheves is said to have been under the in-fluence of liquor at the time of the killing.

From indications, every coal pit on the Monongahela and Youghiongheny rivers will be in operation before the close of the week at two and a half centa per bushel for mining in the first three pools and two cents in the fourth.

GRADY'S SPEECH

Against Cleveland at the Home of the Demoratic Candidate.

Burpalo, N. Y., Oct. 28.—It took just one hundred policemen at the Music Hall this evening to protect Ex-Senator Thom-

THE PAIRMONT JUBILEE

Of the Democracy a Creditable Affair, but Fails short of Promises. Special Disputch to the Intelligencer.

FARMONT, W. VA., Oct. 28 .- The ratifi cation meeting of the Democracy of Marlon county here to-night was rather creditable, but fell far short of being as success ful as the managers advertised. Among the numerous clubs billed to be present all but one failed to put in an appearance.

The special trains which arrived abo 6 o'clock brought comparatively a small crowd from the neighboring towns. The torchlight procession consisted of 125 on

torchlight procession consisted of 125 on foot, 175 horseback, 12 on mules and seven wagons. Two brass bands and two drum corps furnished the Music.

Immediately after the procession brief addresses were made by Hon. Daniel B. Lucas and John T. McGraw. Many business and private residences on Main street were illuminated. The town presented quite a brilliant appearance, all of which will be surpassed by the exultant Republicans in November.

perial Disputch to the Intelligencer.

MARTINSBURG, Oct. 28.—Hon. Charles James Faulkner is lying at his home at the point of death. His physicians say that it is possible that he may live another day, but that it is hardly probable.

CLARKSBURG, O. 7. 28.—General Goff spoke to an immense audience at the Wigwam in this city to-night. Harrison

An Axle Grease Works Parily Burned. JERSEY CITY, Oct. 28 .- The works of the razier Axle Grease Company were damaged to the extent of \$10,000 by fire this morning. Thirty hands are thrown out of

THE "CANNON BALL" LINE. rospects of the Straight Cut From Heret

Chicago.

Mr A. B. Paul, managing director of the Coshocton, Mt. Vernon & Wheeling railond, was in the city on business connected with the road yesterday. He says he sanction by the people of the propos the sanction by the people of the proposi-tion that Ohio county shall subscribe \$150,000 to the capital stock of the com-pant, given at the recent election, has al-ready had a perceptible effect upon the people along the his as well as upon easi-era capitalists, giving them new confi-dence in the project and new interest in the east tprise.

The Board of Directors met at Costocton Manday evening, and arranged for the

M saday evening, and arranged for the completition of the surveys of the road from Wheeling to Marion, Ohio, where it

from Wheeling to Marion, Ohio, where it merges into another road already in operation. The vote on the loan here settled the location of the road at this end. It will cross the river at the north end of the city, follow the survey of the W. & L. E. road eleven miles west of the river, and thence continue westward in a practically straight line for Chicago.

The company which proposes to build a bridge across the river here is in good shape, and promises to begin the work of construction early in the coming year. Besides the "Cannon Rall" line, the Wheeling & Lake Erie road from Toledo and the Valley road from Cleveland will come into the city over the same track and into the city over the same track and bridge. The Valley road is already com-pleted from Cleveland to Zoar, Ohio

three be in operation to Martin's Ferry. This will be an important railroad system for the city, and with the C., L. & W. will place all eastern and central Ohio at he

A BAD BEAST.

Persistent Attempts of a Panther to Kill The Pocahontas Times, published at Huntersville, in that county, tells of a last Sunday evening between sundown and

hunting a horse on Stony Creek mountain, says the Times, he was attacked by a horseback. As Mr. Baxter attempted to not exceed 1,500 on the electoral ticket, but to allow a good margin it is estimated that it will aggregate 2,500. The vote for Butler is reported at less than 10,000, while in 1850 there were over 13,000 Greenback votes. John C. New, chairman of the Republican State Committee, seems to have great confidence in the accuracy of the poll, and says with much positiveness that Blaine's plurality will not fall below 10,000. In betting the olds are slightly in favor of Blaine, but up to the present time few wagers have been made.

An Editor Who Killed a Lawyer.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 28.—Very meagre particulars have been received here of the tragedy at Dawson, in which George W. Cheves, editor of the Dawson, in which George W. Cheves, editor of the Dawson. Journal, shot and instantly killed Colonel T. H. Pickett, of the Dawson bar. Both were prominent in Southern Georgia, and were well known throughout the State. It is known that the killing grew out of a private grievance, the particulars of which were probably developed at a preliminary trial held at Dawson vesterday, the result

STEUBEN VILLE,

Highway Robbery-A Deng Store Closed by R. P. Likes' drug store was closed yes-terday morning on an execution issued from Harrison county in favor of Jesse Warner, for \$500.

The highway robbery of William Dougherty, dry goods merchant, on Friday night ast, was followed on Saturday by the arcents in the fourth.

Six members of the Salvation Army sent to the penitentiary from the police court at Syracuse, N. Y., for violation of the city ordinance last night, were released under a decision of Judge Kennedy, that the conviction was illegal. The Common Council has passed a new ordinance the Judge's ruling.

The Explosion in the Youngstown,

The Worst Fears Realized -- The Distressing Scenes

At the Works as the Dead Were Brought Forth.

Fourteen Victims Taken From the Bowels of the Earth.

Attitudes in Death-The Cause of

the Horror. Uniontown, Pas Oct. 28.—The worst

ears touching the fate of the men who were imprisoned in the coal mine at oungstown, four miles from that place, by the explosion of fire damp, which took place there at 4 o'clock last evening, have were taken out last evening soon after the disaster; two of them were dead and two of the other four were so seriously injured that there is no hope of their recovery. This left from founteen to eighteen men supposed to be confined in the mine. The exact number is not certainly brown.

mine. The exact number is not certainly known.

The work of reaching these men continued industriously throughout the whole night and by this morning the dead bodies of twelve of them had been brought out and delivered to their friends and relatives at the mouth of the pit. This make four-teen in all, and together with the four injured accounts for eighteen of the whole number supposed to be in the mine. Whether there are any more: remains yet to be discovered, but it is bylieved all have been found.

A SAD SPECTACLE.

Theseenes at the mouth of the pit astle disfigured bodies of the dead were brought o the surface and given into the hands of their wives and relatives was distressing in the extreme, and vividly recalled to in the extreme, and vividly recalled to mind the piteous wails of the bereuved families who waited at the opening of the Leisenring mine last February for bodies which they knew were coming lifeless to them from the uncompassionate bowels of the earth. It was a sad spectacle—indeed, and moved to tears many of the hundreds who had been drawn to the place by the move of the diseaster.

ews of the disaster.

It cannot be stated now whether the It cannot be stated now whether the explosion was due to the carelessness of the company or not. It was well known, however, to the miners that the Youngstown company has always been very careful, and the knowledge that their mine was a dangerous one and predisposed to the generation of fire damp made them more careful than ever. The mine was inspected every morning and whenever the presence of firedamp was detected it was the invariable

The mine was inspected every morning and whenever the presence of diredamp was detected it was the invariable order to deny men admission to it until the gas had been expelled. This was the rule, and the officials say it was rigidly enforced. But it is claimed by the miners that the company discharged a competent fire boss about two months ago and have since employed in that capacity one whoo was not competent to determine whether the miner was safe or not.

Coroner Battan has impanneled a jury, and on Thursday morning will begin at thorough and searching investigation.

Notwithstanding the talk of some of the miners it is the general impression that the explosion was unavoidable and that the explosion of the company for several years, but was pit boss for only a few months. He is accounted a competent man with a safety lamp can perform the functions of fire boss, as the lamp itself discloses by the swelling of its flame the pressure of passiliong the roof. If the gas is heavy the lamp will go out.

FOURTEEN DEAD RECOVERED.

bridge. The variey road is aready objected from Cleveland to Zoar, Objo, where it intersects the Wheeling & Lake Erie road. The latter road is now completed to Sherrardsville, about forty miles from this city, and will be pushed on yet this season to Bowerston, about two miles this side of its present terminus.

Probably by the time the bridge here is finished, if commenced at once and pushed rapidly to completion, the C., Mt. V. & W., W. & L. E. and Valley roads will all W., W. & L. E. and Valley roads will all wheels and land families. There is great excitement here. A great many people from this place and Connellsville are at the little village, which has grown up around the mine, and altogether the scene is one mine, and altogether the scene f animation, but deeply pervaded by a eneral feeling of profound sadness ourteen coffins arrived from Pittsburgh afternoon. The dead have been lake out and to-morrow the bodies will be

The names of the killed were:

JOSEPH ZERLEY, pump tender, married SOLOMON VANCICALE, miner, married. WILLIAM MINOR, miner, married.

JAMES PRICE, father, and JAMES PRICE, on, miners.
Thomas Cole, miner, married.
Jesse Miller, father, and Jesse, son

tiners. H. J. Sare, rope rider, married.

H. J. Sape, rope rider, married.
Albert Taylor, miner.
And Wilson, miner, married.
Frank Nielow, the father, and Wille,
son, married, and George Cunningham,
fourteen in all.
Mine Inspector Stenver was in the
mines and he together with the men
worked all night to get out the dead.

HOW THE DEAD WERE FOUND. Taylor and Cunningham were found locked in each other's arms, and their faces buried in water. Dead men were found in every conceivable position. The greater part of them were suffocated by

the after-lamp. Some were burned to a crisp, and many were bully bruised by being knocked against the sides of the pit. Those who were not killed instantly showed evidence of great endeavors to The following were saved alive, but were more or less burned and bruised: Welsh Keffer, Frank Miller, Jacob Cole, David Cole, James Darby, Jerry Ringer and Chancey Wilson. The two latter may yet die. Wilson's right arm is broken and his face burned to a crisp. If he lives he can never see again. The explosion shook the earth for more than a mile away.

The generally assessed to the control of the control of

mile away.

The generally accepted theory of the cause of the explosion to night is that gas, which was known to have gathered in a portion of flat No. 6, escaped into the portion of flat No. 6, escaped into the place where the men were at work, through a door left open by a careless driver. Several of the men who were working at the place had open lamps and it was from these that the gas ignited.

London, Oct-28; The North German kind of a feeling that I had ronger, more enduring."

Common Council has passed a new ordinance since the Judge's ruling.

Limerick Men Likely to be Arrested.

Durity, Oct. 23.—The Irish Times says it the Parnellite members of the House of Commons have resolved to yote against E, M. McGillin & Co.'s.

Including that I had connected was illegal. The Commons have passed a new ordinance since the Judge's ruling.

Limerick Men Likely to be Arrested.

Durity, Oct. 23.—The Irish Times says in the afternoon Mr. Dougherty identified his property, and Burke as the man who garroted him. Mossgrove testified to purchasing they watch. The prisoner was issuing from her hold. The other kept a sharp lookout, but was unable to find any trace of the survivors and proceeded on her yoyage. Lloyd steamship Oder, Captain Sander,